



Understanding The Concept Of Good Governance

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Abstract

Good governance play a vital role in the development of a country. It's very important that one should know this concept very clearly and explicitly understand the importance of good governance. In country like Pakistan the governance always remain subject of debate. This research paper will help us to understand what good governance is and how we can get rid of certain obstacles confronted in the way good governance.

Introduction

The "governing body and the "government" are used in reverse. Both denote the exercise of authority in an organization, institution or state. Government is the name given to the substance practiced by that Authority. While authority and power is the ability to affect the behavior and performance of others. Power is the authority to do so. "Governance is made up of the customs and foundations for which the experts in a nation work. This includes the procedure by which governments are elected, verified and supplanted; the limit of the government to define and effectively implement effective policies and respect for citizens and the state by the institutions that govern economic and social collaboration among them (Ali A. , 2014).

Governance is the activity/authority to deal with the public affairs and matters. This authority can be political, financial and managerial or administrative. The utilization of this authority constantly founded on specific tenets and laws of society set up by its individuals. Good governance is to coordinate the organization as per these laws which

are characterized for the welfare of the citizens. Indecent government implies diversion or disruption of these laws. Good governance ensures the security and assurance of citizens. Good governance comes through solid and free organization of the state. Unfortunately, Pakistan endures numerous problems such as terrorism crises, financially and socially, yet the crisis of good governance is essential since it is the focal point of every other issue. After the great leader assassination (Quaid-e-Azam) from the early ages of Pakistan grieved from the crisis of good governance. Pakistan suffers fragile and weak institutional configuration, unbridled corruption, political system instability, weak responsibility, transparency and an immoral condition of law and order. All these crises and problems have led the state or the country to an abysmal state of deficient government. (Ahmad S. H., 2017)

The early ages of Pakistan dragged it towards bad governance. Pakistan inherited from the colonial rules before its creation and the blame is often placed at the door of the imperial legacy. But it is the truth that the structure of government that Pakistan inherited at the time of its creation has proved its worth for more than 100 years. In the same system, people have confidence and security in the government that the life and property of citizens were secured through the implementation of the law. After the partition, Pakistan founder Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah gave the best results with similar media despite having scarce resources.

In Pakistan, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KP) is among the least created province and inclined to emergency. The province of KP represents 10 percent of the region of Pakistan, with 13 percent of the citizens living in seven managerial divisions. About 69 percent of the citizen lives in rural regions, above the national average of 4.8 members per family unit, in contrast to the national average of 3.8, the low literacy rate of 49 percent, less than 50 percent of the citizens approaches drinking water associations, and massive unemployment rates of 8.5 percent. (Comprehensive Multi-plane, 2014) Its relative under execution is because of low dimensions of development, financial improvement and nonappearance of open administrations in contrast with different areas of Pakistan. This region is likewise influenced by the geopolitical advances (military intervention) and the destruction of Mother Environment (earthquake of 2005 and floods of 2010) all call for a continuous expansion of public interventions and investment to not only improve quality of life but also unlock financial possibilities. (Comprehensive Multi-plane, 2014)

Most of the departments are paralyzed due to lack of good governance i.e. education, health, civic services, agriculture infrastructure. Exercise of law and order is the fundamental duty of provincial government. Even the most basic social needs of citizens are not being met and KP people do not feel safe and secure. When the law and order situation is not good of a country and terrorism open an umbrella of terror, it scared the investors away from the province and country. It destroys and desires the economy of a country or state and

The education, health and police departments are the three sectors. The Federal Minister for Defense Pervez Khattak said that PTI has changed the history of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa by coming into power by two consecutive terms. He claimed that the Provincial Government is taking better steps to improve health facilities and education to the citizen of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa. He further mentioned that the teachers, doctors and police were recruited purely on merit basis and it abolished the culture of favoritism and nepotism. The provincial government has introduced the reforms especially in education, police and health department. (Paracha, 2018)

Definition of Good Governance

The World Bank Define the good governance as “the manner in which power is exercised in the management of a country's economic and social resources for development”.

The researchers Kaufmann-Kraay-Mastruzzi define the six indicator of good governance which were signed by the World Bank and then evaluated the governance of the world. i.e. voice and accountability, control of rampant corruption, stability of the political system, absence of violence/terrorism, government’s efficiency, regulatory quality and rule of law. (Asgher, 2013).

Another definition of good governance which was define by the United Nations Development Program, Governance includes the instruments and institution through which citizens articulate their needs and exercise their social, political rights and meet their obligation. The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development defined that governance is the use of political authority and the exercise of control in a society in relation to the management of its resources for economic, political and social improvement (Tripathi, 2017).

Governance is a massive phenomenon which deals with a range of activities that ensures the security of life and property of the citizen and make sure that the citizen’s participation in policymaking, stabilizing democratic institutions and values, and to provide basic facilities, such as health and education (Syed, 2013).

The former UN Sectary General (1997-2006) Kofi Annan explained the good governance in his own views. He mentioned that for the good governance the most important factor is eliminating poverty and promoting development Kofi Annan former. UN Sectary General (1997-2006) has underscored the most important factor in which good governance is depend is excluding poverty and developing improvements. Good governance begins with political will and decision making at the national level which confers enormous power on state actor to enhance their own governance system. (Asgher, 2013)

Good governance is practicing authority as per the set-up law, whereas good governance ensures wellbeing and security of human beings. It makes a climate helpful for progress and prosperity, and any diversion or disruption from these laws is bad governance. Bad governance has the germs of fathering various crises.. Crisis requires

work of every accessible asset, human, physical and mechanical in the best way and it is just conceivable in good governance. State having good governance is equipped for battling any crisis even with the small assets and resources.

In a wide sense, the term 'governance' alludes to the way towards practicing political expert to deal with the undertakings of a country. Governance wants the way towards settling on choices, and actualizing them as dependent on contemplations for example, recognition of human rights, well known cooperation, free access to data, regard for the standard of law, straight forwardness, snappy reactions to human needs, convenience of various interests, comprehensiveness, value, successful results and responsibility. Governance is the giving of the political, social, monetary open merchandise, and enterprises that a native has the privilege of anticipating from his state, and that a state has the obligation to approve on to its citizens.

Good governance represents the quality of different kind of institution for example, economic, social, political, and lawful means legal. Institution should be assembled and supported, which could ensure the survival of the country in the midst of disasters or hazards. Unfortunately, a little exertion has been made to assemble institution on a steady balance in Pakistan as individual have outweighed over institution. The pattern is to be turned around for accomplishing genuine dependability which could be accomplished not through people, but rather through Institution. We should not permit the disintegration of institution through the particular conduct of guidelines, and this would require more dosages of vote-based democracy.

For the achievement of development and poverty reduction, the good governance had been played a critical role in 2000 years. However, Good Governance is in no way, shape or form a univocal idea. The good governance frequently obscures the way that the idea incorporates somewhere around three distinct methodologies on improvement. The principal approach is technocrats or administrative. Its fundamental components are authority, effectiveness, and responsibility of the state. Therefore, as to pick up this objective, upgrading a sound financial atmosphere, the standard of law, straight forwardness, and handling defilement are viewed as the most critical approaches. Authorities and Public organization ought to in this manner be controlled and considered in charge of their working. This subjective improvement of the little state is required to significantly add to advancement, comprehended as financial advancement.

The Concept and Origin of Good Governance

The idea of "Governance" is not a new phenomenon. The word governance is derived from the French word 'governance' and it is as old as the government itself. The meaning was very close mentioning to act or method of government. In the mid of sixteenth century, the government is signified by a framework by which something is governed. In the right on time of eighteenth century, it is additionally developed to gain the significance of a Governing expert from infrequently the word administration is progressed toward becoming minimized, also in nineteenth century it was accepted to

mirror an early ancientness for the following 100 years, and it would be utilized as political term. In the dictionary, government define in terms of governing authority including the institutional framework and political order, while the governance was used as agency and process of governing and was frequently viewed as archive. In 1980, in the economic reform under the globalization, the use of the word governance become rich with its emphasis on the process and the way of governing the concept of sustainable development. The organization such as NGOs, United Nation and its Agencies, IMF, International Media, and the World Bank take up the words Governance and explained it in various views and ways.

The good governance catches all term Governance, and it has turned into the popular expression and become buzzwords in the vocabulary of nation and managerial change generally because of the significance given to it by International Community and Organization. The word good governance was highly popularized and spread around the world in recent time. Actually, the word good governance became the similar of sound management and development. In current time, idea of good governance was first risen in the mid of 1980s as governability with the significance a commitment to the standard of law. The breakdown of the former Soviet Union, and the end of the Cold war, the word governance was utilized to characterize the reinvent of public administration especially in creating nations to make responsive to requirements of globalization. In 1989, the World Bank study the Sub Saharan Countries, in this time all the Sub Saharan Countries were engaged in the huge crisis. In this time the word Governance was emerged, and it's described the institutional reforms which is beneficial for the benefits of public sector in sub Saharan countries. In this report, concluded that (Sub Saharan) Africa needed not just less government, but better and sound government. The focus on the need for professional institutions, more efficient, and bureaucrats covered the more political issue that was addressed, that is, the effort within African countries between those who suffered, and those who benefited from the Structural Adjustment Programs (SAP). Therefore, it became clear and transparent that the state had to be illogical at once powerful and relatively independent to achieve an effective adjustment. (Jolle Demmers, 2004)

The idea has been extended by the World Bank and other worldwide guide givers, academics, non-governmental associations, Western governments and politicians to incorporate a lot more extensive and progressively far reaching scope of thoughts and strategies, to the extent that it isn't in every case clear what, precisely, one method when one is utilizing the term. Basically, the idea of good governance as it is at present utilized incorporates the majority of the resulting monetary advancement and the making of market friendly environment straightforwardness and responsibility regarding both political basic leadership and financial aspects, political progression, especially just changes and elimination of rampant corruption, the advancement and up raises of the common society, the presentation of essential human rights ensures, particularly as for political rights, for example, opportunity of get together, opportunity

of articulation, opportunity from self-assertive detainment, the selection of strategies intended to security long haul worldwide premiums like education, environment, a health, and furthermore to expanding number of new thoughts, and sets of approaches, some would fight that it has lost quite a bit of its underlying peculiarity as an improvement worldview (Helhriton, 2003).

The prior United Nations Commission on Human Rights featured in various goals, the great administration and human rights were usually supporting. Expanding on these goals, the Commission solicited the Office from the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR) to give pragmatic instances of exercises that supported good governance and advanced human rights. Because of this application, OHCHR is distributing good governance performs for the safety of human privileges. Human rights and the good governance are tight with each other, and they are supporting with each other. The human right provides away and guideline for working of good governance and other social and political players. In addition, human rights esteems educate the substance of good governance endeavors they may advise the development of authoritative structures, budgetary assignments, strategies, programs, and other different measures (Helhriton, 2003).

The lacking of good governance human rights can't be regarded and ensured in a good manner and attitude. When it discusses human rights, it alludes to the measures set out it the universal assertion of human rights and extended in various worldwide goals that characterize the base principles to guarantee human pride (Syed, M. 2013).

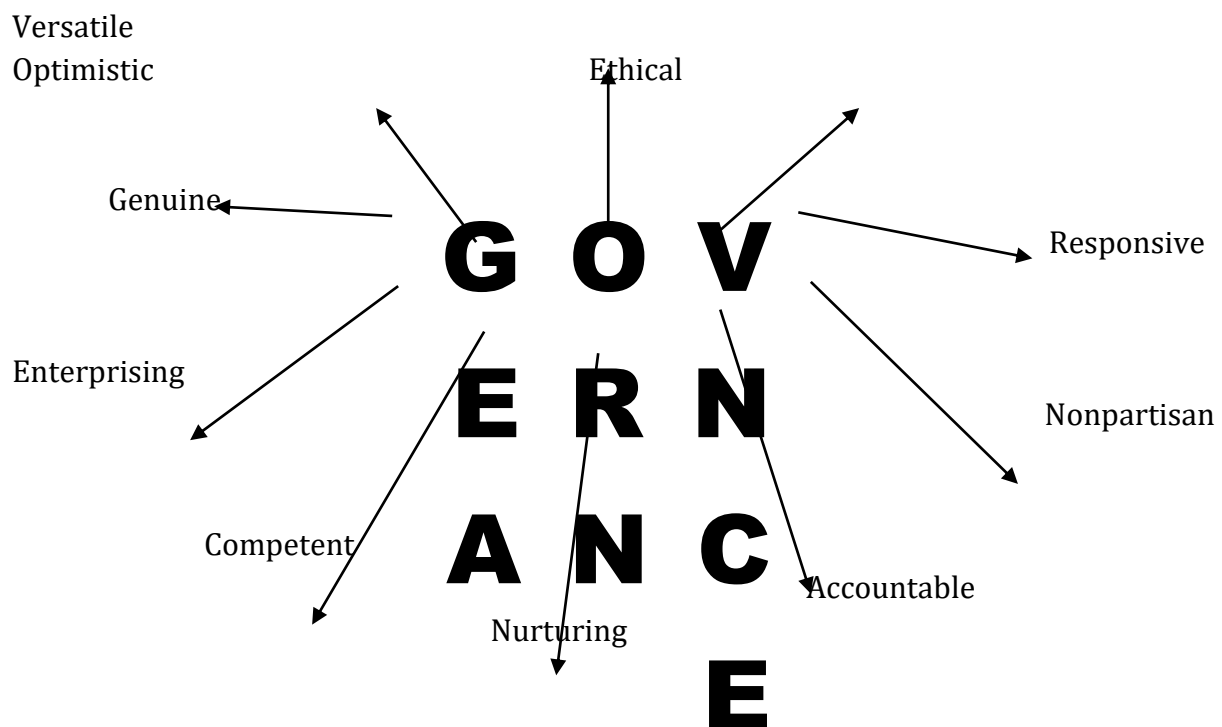
The links between the human right and good governance explores into four zones i.e. provision of state facilities, democratic institution, rule of law, and anti-corruption measures. It demonstrates how an assortment of social and institutional performing artists, going from ladies' and minority gatherings to the media, common society, and State organizations have done changes in these four zones. They also establish mechanisms for the inclusion of multiple social groups in the decision-making processes. Finally, they can energize the common society and nearby networks to define and express their situations on issues of importance to them. The good governance improves the ability of the State to fulfill its duty to offer open goods that are basic to human rights insurance, for example, the privilege to training, wellbeing and sustenance. Good governance may consolation for legitimate change, open observation, supporting on the national, and international lawful system, and limit creating or change of organizations (nation, 2007).

Governance is the procedure and institutes through which judgment are made, and Authority in a country is exercised. Good governance is motivated by some activity such as equity, transparency, rule of law and accountability in exercising political, economics, and administrative and can be measured by transparency and accountability. Transparency shows the choices made and upheld responsively as per guidelines. In such manner, it is vital that the data given not exclusively be adequate, yet meanwhile effectively obvious to the individuals will's identity influenced by decision. It defines the

word “Governance” as the activity of political capacity to deal with a country's undertakings. In 1992, the idea of governance was further utilized by the bank's publication “Development and Governance”, and the governance was characterized as the way in which the power is practiced in the management of a nation's social and financial assets for the advancement of improvement. (Sibel, L.2005). Subsequently, in 1998, the World Banks published an annual Report “Governance in Asia: From Crisis to opportunity” in this publication good governance is more cogent. In this report, explained four key mechanisms of Good Governance i.e. Transparency, Accountability, Participation, and Predictability. (Tripathi, 2017).

The Bank had focused on four areas i.e., accountability, public sector management, transparency and information, the legal framework for development. The interim committee of the fund adopted for sustainable global growth in September 1996 which indicated that good governance is essential element and factor for financial development. These features include the accountability of the public sector, rule of law, efficiency, and rampant corruption was to be managing outlines of its policy (Jolle Demmers, 2004).The notion and idea of good governance in India is as old as the Indian civilization. In India, all the Kings were bounded by dharma, and this dharma generally known as Raj Dharma. Raj Dharma was the set of accepted rules or the standard of law that was better than the desire of the ruler and administered every one of his activities. The idea of good governance founded in prehistoric Indian ancient scriptures can be the Jattaka tales, Shanti Parva, Panini's Ashtadhyayi, Aitreyaa Brahmains, Valmiki Ramayana, and especially in Kantilla Arthashiastra. The principals of the good governance were highlighting by Arthashiastra. The glade of his citizen lies king glad, his wellbeing in their welfare, he shall not be considered as a good king, if he satisfies himself, but he shall be considered as good when he satisfied his people. Shanti Parvaa of Mahabharata has devoted significant space to Raj Dharma which purposes to create good governance in the state, and it is the duty of the king to promote welfare and happiness to the citizens (Tripathi, 2017).

The term good governance originated in a 1989 World Bank reports, in this time sub-Saharan countries was on crisis, The second reason was the decay and ultimate breakdown of the USSR which had served from very long time both as the model and as the most compelling backers of the vigorously statist design, The third was the clear disappointments of statist model in numerous improving states, which had come to be plagued during this period by large number of inefficiency and massive corruption on the part of nation bureaucracies, increasing foreign debt exacerbated by world financial conditions, and a large numbers of different serious basic issues. From this reason a vacuumed has been created for good governance, so it filled the necessities and gaped which was created before it. (Helhriton, 2003).



The country administration has to run on these principles (Helhrigton, 2003)

Factors of Good Governance

Accountability:

Accountability is a key for good governance, and without accountability the good governance is impossible for states/countries. Accountability guarantees that all organization, legislative institution also respectful society institution, are responsible to the people, investor, and individuals will's identity influenced by choices and activities (Ali, 2015). The good governance is considered to decide the pace of financial improvement in the coming decades. The good governance and the powerful administration are of essential significance for a state. The progressive of all development strategies is reliant upon good administration and governance, future

monetary dependability of a nation must be accomplished when the two mainstays of good governance to be specific responsibility and transparency are encountered. (avaid, U.2010).

The accountability is defined upon the external and internal accountability. The external responsibility is by the general population either on politicians through race or open discussion, or on through input system, for example, report cards or decisions of service providers and internal accountability associations may be the control of the judiciary or Parliament over the executive (the President and the Cabinet) or the supervision and audits within the government by ministers or senior officials. (Hussain, M. 1993).

Poverty and poverty reduction:

A second approach of the good governance is to control poverty and poverty reduction. It focuses the role of powerful open associations managing the destitution and poor, and the significance of the poor taking an interest in the approach of these associations. This more financial methodology still stays inside the limits of the given state of a little state mechanical assembly and its neoliberal arrangements while blocking options for example land change or financing or securing helpless makers, parts or districts.

Administration Issues:

The third factor of the good governance is so often used to talk about administration issues from the point of majority rules system and human rights. This view, good governance is a mix of a partition of forces, opportunity of an association, autonomous legal framework, free decisions, the right to speak freely and press, and a multiparty political framework. It is considered that the role of civil society is of great importance, not only through contribution, but also as the driving force behind reasonable development. In this approach, it is understood that development encompasses economic, socio-economic, and political procedures that take place instantaneously. Reference is made to basic human and political rights, while economic, social, and cultural rights are excluded. The elements of the technocratic, poverty reduction, and political approaches mentioned above are combined in a broader systemic view that encompasses political and economic relations and power. The good governance encompasses three points of view on the association among governance and development, diverse on-screen characters have embraced the idea, and they have been endorsing it for different issues. (Jolle Demmers, 2004)

Political stability:

Political stability is another pillar of good governance. Stability of the political system is the ability of the government of the citizens to share, access or compete for power through non-violent political ways and enjoy the collective aid and facilities of the state. This lays on four important conditions to accomplish: arrangement of basic administrations, community interest, and enablement, stewardship of state assets and

political balance and responsibility. Political dependability alludes to an end state where the state gives basic administrations and fills in as a steward of state assets. Government authorities are considered responsible through political and legitimate procedures. Government stability is the factor in which basic human need of the population are committed. The country that is continually having political instability or common wars or disclosure would be said to have exceptionally low political strength, at that point there would be extremely low dimensions of regard for the current political guidance, constitution, and government foundations by key political players like army officer, politicians, and Judges. But a country that has been a safe and peaceful democracy for more than a century, like say the United States, Canada, or Sweden would be very stable. Political stability means government stability, which means political stability. Public will know the term and condition of the government. They will motivate the firm spot to stand and act as indicated by the peace. It is much the same as a parity of a bike. When it is in movement, then the bikes will be in equalization and continue moving. At the point when there is visit stop on bikes, then it won't be in movement and ends the speed. Political stability resembles a moving cycle which should continue moving. Yet, it requires upkeep, changes and fixes on certain interim. So, for the good governance political stability is the most important factors.

Terrorism Factor:

Terrorism is another factor which brings the good governance into the fragile governance. From the bad governance the terrorism plays a key role. The responsibilities of the entire citizen such as political, social, and economics are affected by the terrorism. The civil right methods opportunity from state intercession in the private circle, social rights implies access to fundamental products and enterprises through reallocation by the state and, the political rights means to effectuate political participation expression and participation. The terrorism affects public administration, and this will cause the failure of good governance. The impact of the antiterrorist measure on the rights and responsibility of the entire citizens, visitors, and other residents are crucial concerns in continuously democratic nation state (Sheffi, 2002).

Conclusion:

Good -governance play a very vital role in the establishment of the country. Pakistan is a country which has taken several steps to establish good governance in order to improve their economy and overcome certain administrative issues and problems. Pakistan is an emerging state and there is a great opportunities for it in the commercialization sphere and with this increased and enlarged commercialization there is an instant and immediate need to enhance and increase its Good-governance platform in order to broader crowds and classes.

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